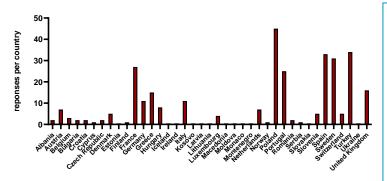
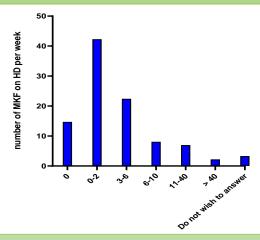
## End-stage kidney disease care for migrants: a European survey



How many migrant patients receive chronic dialysis in your facility every week?

- ☐ Survey developed by ISN Western Europe Regional Board, and YNP/ERA, Summer 2023
- ☐ 378 individual nephrologist responses across 29 countries
- Current practices surrounding the management of migrant Patients with end stage kidney disease (MKF)
- Perspective of nephrologists on ethical dilemmas and optimal care for this population

Concerning the **legal rights** of migrant patients for dialysis:

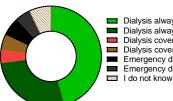




GB: governmental bodies

Under which **conditions** may migrant patients with kidney disease receive coverage for dialysis?

Under which **conditions** may migrant patients with kidney disease receive coverage for kidney transplantation?



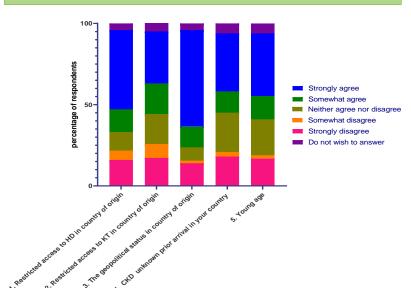
Dialysis always covered under universal coverage, regardless of MKF status Dialysis always covered under universal coverage, if registered MKF status Dialysis covered with mandatory health insurance, regardless of MKF status Dialysis covered with mandatory health insurance, only for registered MKF Emergency dialysis only, regardless of MKF status

Emergency dialysis only, if non-registered MKF status

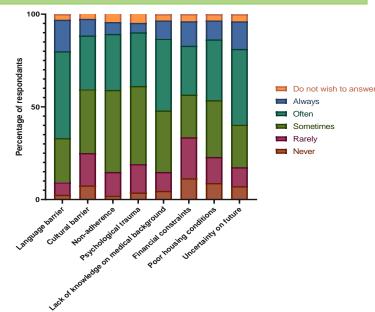


MHI: Mandatory health insurance

On a scale from 1 (strongly disagree) to 5 (strongly agree), which of the following situations would you personally consider as criteria for acceptance to the chronic dialysis program in your facility?



Indicate on a scale from 1 (never) to 5 (always) how the following impact on the medical management of migrant patients on dialysis:



- ☐ A majority of European nephrologists is **strongly committed** to the management of MKF patients.
- ☐ Multiple barriers impede the delivery of optimal care to this population of patients, many of which are reversible.